The human biofield and a pilot study on qigong

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Resumo

Neste trabalho propõe-se que a bioregulação da homeodinâmica seja alcançada pelo campo biológico do organismo. De facto, a nível holístico, os sistemas existentes são complexos, não lineares, dinâmicos, bem organizados e bem organizados de acordo com os principios do não equilíbrio termodinâmico dos sistemas abertos e da teoria do caos. Trocam constantemente energia com informação, a vários níveis de organização, com os que os rodeiam para que se possam manter. Possuem relações a um nível superior, dependendo do contexto e significado no campo da mente, que tem efeitos profundos na saúde, doença e processos de cura. Quando pertubado pelo stress e/ou doença, os sistemas da vida não voltam ao seu estado original, optando por um novo estado dinâmico que integre a nova informação vinda da experiência: este processo designa-se como homeodinâmico.

Introduction

In recent decades molecular reductionism has been the dominant paradigm in biology and biomedicine. It gives us a view of the human body as a complex machine made of biomolecules. Despite its many successes, this paradigm is quite limited (Strohman, 1993). It fails to encompass many of life's important characteristics, including the nature of consciousness; the role of spirituality and prayer; and how holistic medical modalities, including homeopathy and energy medicine, function. A holistic view of life that encompasses more of the full human potential in health and healing is greatly needed in science and medicine today to help us build an integrative medicine and restore our right relationship with nature, among other roles.

In relation to this, we propose the rudiments of a new holistic view of life based on systems dynamics, biophysics, and chaos theory. It starts with the premise that living systems are complex, nonlinear, dynamical, self--organizing systems at a global or holistic level according to the principles of nonequilibrium thermodynamics of open systems and chaos theory (lantsche, 1980; Prigogine, 1980; Rubik, 1997a; 1997b). We extend the concept of bio-information from that stored in biomolecules to that transmitted by energetic signals, such as biophotons. Life is in constant communication each moment, exchanging energy-imbued-with-information within and between its multiple levels of organization in order to maintain its integrity (Morowitz, 1968). We consider that bio-information may also extend beyond the physical to the ultraphysical realm, to include information conveyed by means of the subtlest thought, intent, belief, power of will, and prayer (Rubik, 1995a). We propose that human beings and other organisms possess emergent properties such as higher-order relationships dependent upon context and meaning that affect health, disease, and healing. This implies that "top-down" causality applies to living systems just as well as "bottom--up" reductionist mechanisms of causality. All of this constitutes the basis for a more inclusive model of life based on systems concepts, multi-dimensional realms of being, field theory, and an extended concept of bio-information.

Furthermore, chaos theory predicts that the small fluctuations in living system dynamics or in the environment, previously neglected by biologists, simply cannot be ignored (Gleick, 1987). Even the tiniest fluctuation may have significant, even drastic, effects on the dynamics of life. Therefore, the smallest input in the form of a subtle medical intervention, including acupuncture, homeopathy, qigong and other gentle modalities, may be effective by interacting with the energy flows of life.

This paper has two parts:

The fundamentals of a theory of the human biofield, the "biofield hypothesis", are proposed. The biofield hypothesis provides a scientific explanation of how holistic interventions (engaging mind-body-spirit) may work by impacting directly the global regulatory processes of life rather than particular physical structures of the body. A more developed version of this hypothesis, restricted to electromagnetic field concepts of life, was previously published (Rubik, 2002a).

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The results of a pilot study on the human biofield are presented. Changes in the biofield after practicing qigong, a subtle holistic intervention that involves the mind-body-spirit interrelationship, are measured, using a novel digital electrophotographic technique.

It must be said that the two scientific views of life—the conventional view of materialistic reductionism—and the proposed dynamical, multidimensional, holistic view—are complementary. Metaphorically speaking, conventional biology depicts life as a crystal, focusing on ultrastructure. By contrast, the proposed holistic view depicts life as a flame, focusing on the dynamics of subtle energy and informational flows. Although both views are correct within a certain context, each alone is limited. Together they are complementary and provide a more complete view of life that offers greater potential for understanding health, disease, and healing. That is to say, the living state is richer and more complex than it is possible to express in a single scientific model or metaphor.

I. The Indigenous Roots of Energy Field Concepts of Life

It is acknowledged that the concept of the biofield, or of any organizing field in biology, evokes shades of vitalism, an old philosophical concept that goes back to the 1600s (Bischof, 1994). Vitalism is the belief that life and organic substances differ fundamentally from the inorganic world because they contain a vital force. Many noteworthy biologists have promulgated biological field theories (Bischof, 1998) to explain both biological development and the integrity of organisms, including Yale biologist Harold Saxon Burr, who together with F. S. C. Northrup proposed an electro-dynamic field underlying life (Burr & Northrup, 1938). Although such biological field concepts were part of mainstream biology for the first half of the 20th century, as molecular biology grew more dominant from 1950 onward and developed into big business, a field perspective of life became taboo in academic science.

Despite its being ousted from science, vitalism has had a long history in medicine (Coulter, 1973). Vitalistic principles called by various names underlie many key concepts in indigenous medical systems: *qi* in Chinese medicine; *prana* in Ayurvedic medicine; *ki* in Japanese medicine; and Wilhelm Reich's *orgone* in orgonomy, to name a few (Rubik, et al., 1994a). Hahnemann (1755-1843), the father of classical homeopathy, wrote of the vital force (Hamlyn, 1979). Many schools of chiropractic maintain vitalistic assumptions (Palmer, 1910), as do classical osteopathy and many other systems of medicine outside conventional Western medicine. Medical historian Harris L. Coulter (Coulter, 1994) describes the 2,500-year-old ongoing struggle between the vitalists and the mechanists in their healing philosophies. This philosophical difference remains one of the major schisms between conventional Western medicine.

The concept of subtle energy bodies is also integral to the ancient Eastern philosophical views of the human being that arose in India and China. Indian philosophy and Ayurvedic medicine maintain that in addition to the physical body, there is a subtle body possessing various energetic anatomical structures, including the seven chakras, nadis (etheric channels), pranas, vayus, and koshas (yogic sheaths or bodies) (Leadbeater, 1927).

In Chinese philosophy and medicine, there are three important energy centers, called the dantians, which store and disperse qi from the taiji pole (center core) of the body (Johnson, 2000). The lower dantian located inside the belly near the navel is connected with the qi field of the physical body. The middle dantian, located in the center of the chest, is connected with the qi field of the emotional body, surrounding the physical body. The 3rd dantian is located inside the middle of the head and is associated with the spiritual field of qi that surrounds both the physical and emotional subtle bodies. Qi travels along the acupuncture meridians to all organs and tissues of the body.

Despite the fact that vitalism has been banished from science, vitalistic concepts remain central today in virtually every indigenous system of medicine, including Oriental Medicine, Ayurvedic medicine, modern chiropractic, classical osteopathy, homeopathy, and other healing systems. Science has yet to build a bridge between the indigenous wisdom of these medical systems and biology.

2. Scientific Approaches to the Biological Field

In recent decades a small number of scientists have taken on this task of bridge-building, including the author (Rubik, 1993; 1997b; 2002a), by reintroducing the concept of a biological field central to life. There have been various approaches. For example, William Tiller proposes the existence of a new force to explain certain features of life, in addition to the four known forces of physics (Tiller, 1993). Fritz Popp and his colleagues propose coherent states in organisms and the emission of coherent electromagnetic waves (Popp, 1996). Savely Savva considers the biofield to go beyond electromagnetism, involving a nonphysical mental component that carries the information of intention and the psychic realm (Savva, 1997; 1998). Zhang calls the biological field the "electromagnetic body" and considers it a complex, ultraweak field of chaotic standing waves, a dissipative structure of electromagnetic fields that forms the energetic anatomical structures including the chakras and acupuncture meridians (Zhang, 1995; 1996). Welch proposes metabolic field structures of space-time (Welch and Smith, 1990; Welch, 1992).

Each of these scientists regards the biological field as a holistic or global organizing field of the organism. Like a holographic plate distributes information throughout the hologram, the biological field conveys information throughout the organism and is central to its integration. The human biological field is an organizing field within and emanating from the body, which hypothetically regulates the biochemistry and physiology of the body.

There is no consensus, however, among scientists regarding the nature of the biological field, i.e., whether it is electromagnetic or not, or whether it consists of electromagnetic components together with other, as-of-yet uncharacterized fields. Here we propose that the biofield consists of conventional electromagnetic fields along with more subtle fields that comprise consciousness and transpersonal realms of being. It is possible that there are subtle bodies of the human being beyond the physical body that involve fields of mind, soul, and spirit as espoused by Eastern and Western esoteric philosophies. A full scientific model of the human being may indeed require elements that go beyond space-time, matter-energy, and involve complex multi-dimensional geometry or other novel field concepts. See Table I for a possible list of the fields that may comprise the human.

The electromagnetic component of the biofield, which is scientifically measurable, is the endogenous, complex dynamic electromagnetic (EM) field resulting from the superposition of component EM fields of the organism that is proposed to be involved in self-organization and bio-regulation of the organism. The components of the biofield are the EM fields contributed by each individual oscillator or electrically charged, moving

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particle or ensemble of particles of the organism (ion, molecule, cell, tissue, etc.), according to principles of conventional physics. The resulting biofield may be conceived of as a very complex dynamic standing wave (Rubik, 1997b; Zhang, 1995; 1996). It has a broad spectral bandwidth, being composed of many different EM frequencies, analogous to a musical symphony with many harmonics that change over time.

Divine (cosmic) consciousness; enlightenment	Primordial field		
Transpersonal consciousness	Other Subtler fields		
Transpersonal consciousness	Intuitional field		
Personal consciousness	Mental field		
Personal consciousness	Emocional field		
Personal consciousness	Etheric energy field		
Personal consciousness	Dense physical field: the body (matter + electromagnetic fields)		

Table 1: Possible fields comprising the human being

It is possible, according to systems theory, that higher-order field components of the human biofield such as consciousness may interact with and alter the electromagnetic component of the biofield. This may be the basis of mind-body medicine in which a shift in consciousness is transduced down through the biofield to the denser levels of being, affecting the electromagnetic biofield, which in turn affects the physiology of the body to promote healing. It is proposed that such "top-down" signal transduction effects modulate the physical biofield and are the basis of much of human healing that includes holistic realms of the mind-body-spirit, including the placebo effect, which is the biology of belief.

Very small stimuli, even in the ultraphysical field such as thoughts or beliefs that are highly contextual and meaningful to a particular person, may therefore evoke shifts in the biofield. They serve as tiny dynamical nudges that act from the top downward to shift the dynamics. Positive stimuli from this domain will promote greater balance and harmony. Examples of such medical modalities include acupuncture, energetic herbs, homeopathy, affirmations and positive thinking, yoga, qigong, and, in fact, a large number of complementary and alternative medicine modalities. Hearing the words, "I love you", spoken by a loved one, can have a profound effect on oneself, and is perhaps more powerful than any medicine. Experiencing the subtle energy field emanating from a person or animal who gives love and energy may also have a powerful dynamical effect, especially on a sick person. Positive effects of healers on humans, animals, cells and a variety of other living systems have indeed been scientifically demonstrated (Benor, 2002).

3. Statement of the Human Biofield Hypothesis

The key points of the biofield hypothesis may be stated with respect to the human being as follows:

- There is a complex, endogenous, multi-dimensional field of the human being that consists of electromagnetic and subtler fields within and around the body.
- This complex field conveys vital information in both directions and is central to the integration of the human being.
- The biofield is the super-regulator of the human being. All stimuli directly impact the complex multi-dimensional human biofield, and that field affects the homeodynamics of the person, thereby affecting biological regulation at the various levels of organization or fields of being, including the physiological and the biochemical levels. Principles of downward as well as upward causality apply.

Please note that the older concept of homeostasis, which is a mechanical concept, has been replaced by homeodynamics (Yates, 1994), which takes into account the many modes of dynamic behavior exhibited by living processes in an ever-changing lifeline of the organism (Rose, 1997). In homeodynamics, the processes that give dynamic stability proceed simultaneously at multiple levels of organization, from the molecular level to that of the whole being, and with various time scales. These processes are constantly adjusting to the myriad information flows and the entire lifeline or history of the organism. In this way, the organism integrates a huge number of information signals and responds appropriately as an integrated being. Once moved, the organism never returns to its original system dynamics, but evolves new dynamics appropriately to deal with changes in conditions and new information.

The biofield is a holistic property of the organism and is proposed as the super-regulator of homeodynamics, coordinating life functions at multiple levels of organization. The multi-dimensional biofield is like a conductor regulating the musicians at the various levels or fields of being to orchestrate the ongoing symphony of life.

A full understanding of the human biofield is beyond our comprehension at this time. To compute even the electromagnetic biofield is not yet possible. The huge numbers of dynamic, interacting elements and their network of interactions transcend known computational limits. Moreover, there have been no concerted efforts to date to measure the total endogenous electromagnetic field of any organism. This is also a formidable, if not impossible, task, because there is a huge spectrum of frequencies involved that are extremely weak and time-dependent. Moreover, there is no clear boundary between the life's metabolically maintained electromagnetic fields and those of its geophysical environment; for example, there is the Schumann resonance (7 to 10 Hz), which is reiterated in the alpha rhythms of human brain waves (Dubrov, 1978). Additionally, certain measurements of the electromagnetic biofield would interfere with it and even alter it. Nonetheless, certain elements of the human biofield have already been assessed under various conditions, including the ECG (electrocardiogram), EEG (electroencephalogram), and MEG (magnetoencephalogram). However, it must be said that conventional thinking regards these emissions as waste energy rather than informational fields playing an active role in bio-regulation. The fact remains that such subtle signals emitted from various organs carry information throughout the human body central to life.

4. Methods of Assessing the Human Biofield

There are various methods used to measure part of the human biofield or otherwise assess the flow of subtle energy in the body. For the most part, the objective scientific methods measure the bioelectricity or other aspects of the electromagnetic fields of life. However, for scientists who have used these methods under various subject conditions, it can readily be seen that the measurements are affected by subjects' states of consciousness, including meditative states, moods, emotions, intentions, and other aspects of mind and spirit. That is, the signals transduced from the subtler fields of mind and emotions apparently affect the electromagnetic biofield and register changes in what can be measured objectively. Therefore, these methods may be windows into the human biofield as a whole.

The objective scientific methods include the following. Electrodermal testing measures the flow of electricity at acupuncture points, considered to correspond to the flow of energy or qi along acupuncture meridians. Thermography maps the thermal patterns of the body. EEG, ECG, and other similar clinical diagnostics measure the electrical emission from key organs such as brain and heart, respectively. Scientists also measure biophotons, the ultraweak light emitted from the body, with various detectors. In the pilot study described below, a form of digital electrophotography, also known as bioelectrography or digital Kirlian photography, which is related to the original form of Kirlian photography, is used to visualize part of the human biofield and to calculate some of its parameters.

5. Pilot Study: Assessing the Human Biofield Before and After Qigong

5.1. Objectives

This project aims toward building a bridge from science to concepts of *qi* or subtle energy fields of life. Such concepts are held by indigenous cultures worldwide but have had no place in contemporary science, despite the fact that science falls short in explaining many biological phenomena, including the modus operandi of alternative and complementary medical modalities such as qigong. The biofield hypothesis has been proposed as a scientific basis for an energy field within and around the human being that is the key regulator of the living state. This study utilizes a form of digital electrophotography of the fingertips to visualize part of the human biofield in order to test whether qigong has any effect on it. This is a preliminary investigation to observe any effects of qigong on the biofield parameters of chronically ill adults.

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5.2. Introduction to Qigong

Qigong is a mind-body-spirit discipline that originated in China in the 26th century BC. It is the cultivation of *qi* to regulate the energy field through consistent practice that incorporates meditation, movement, and the breath. Qigong is one of the 3 pillars of Traditional Chinese Medicine. Today there are many thousands of forms of it, and new forms are invented daily. Dayan gigong, or wild goose gigong, can be traced back at least 1700 years as an intact form that was passed down through a lineage of monks and masters. Performed with normal breathing, it involves an elaborate set of movements that imitate the movements of the wild goose. In performing Dayan gigong, one gathers qi (universal life energy) from the earth and sky and distributes it through key acupuncture points, meridians, and the 3 dantians or main energy centers of the body. It is one of the most highly regarded forms of gigong for health and fitness, and it is practiced worldwide. In this study, the first 64 moves in the basic form of Dayan gigong plus the Shaolin warmup exercises for the martial arts were performed (Zhang, 2000).

5.3. Research Questions

Does the biofield change for chronically ill adults immediately after practicing Dayan qigong? If so, is there any improvement in energy regulation? What differences, if any, are observed between the beginners and qigongexperienced persons after performing qigong? Because this was only a preliminary research study with no prior database, no formal hypothesis testing was performed.

5.4. Experimental Design

The study was done as a field experiment at two qigong workshops in San Francisco in 2001 and 2002. Sixteen subjects were measured immediately pre- and post-qigong. The energy patterns of all ten fingertips of human subjects were assessed only once each for pre- and post-conditions, due to time limitations. No control subjects were included, as this was a preliminary study to observe any trends.

5.5. Methods

A digital form of Kirlian photography was used to assess the human biofield. The original form of Kirlian photography or electrophotography was discovered by Semyon Kirlian in 1939 (Kirlian et al., 1961). Because the photographic film method of Kirlian photography proved difficult to reproduce and replicate, it was initially dismissed by most Western scientists. However, over the next several decades, key holistic health practitioners such as Dr. Peter Mandel in Germany and others in Eastern Europe developed an enormous empirical database of medical case studies using this method (Mandel, 1986). In the mid-1990s, Russian physicist Konstantin Korotkov, Ph.D., and his colleagues at St. Petersburg invented a digital form of Kirlian photography, called GDV, or "gas discharge visualization" technique, and incorporated the knowledge base of Mandel and Korean hand acupuncture systems in software programs to analyze the human biofield (Korotkov, 1998a; 1998b; 2002).

The GDV camera is presently the state-of-the-art in electrophotography. It utilizes a high frequency (1024 Hz), high-voltage (10 - 20 kV) input to the finger (or other object to be photographed), which is placed on the electrified glass lens of the camera. Because the electrical stimulus in this device is less than that of older Kirlian cameras, most human subjects do not experience any sensation when exposing their fingertip to the camera. In practice, the applied electric field is pulsed on and off every 10 microseconds, and the fingertip is exposed for 1 second. This causes a corona discharge of light-emitting plasma (visible and near-ultraviolet light) to stream outward from the fingertip. The light emitted from the fingertip is detected directly by a CCD (charge-coupled detector), which is the state-of-the-art in scientific instruments such as telescopes to measure extremely low-level light. The signal from the CCD is sent directly to a computer for software analysis.

In this study, all 10 fingertips of each subject were measured, one finger at a time, in the following order: from left thumb to left little finger, and from right thumb to right little finger. The time exposure of each fingertip to the electrified glass plate was I second. The static digital photos of the GDV-grams (light emission patterns from each fingertip) were captured as bitmap files on a computer. Measurements were made of each subject immediately before and after performing the Shaolin warmup exercises followed by the first set of 64 movements in Dayan qigong.

Software analysis was done to calculate a variety of parameters that characterize the pattern of light emitted from each finger, including brightness, total area, fractality, and density, and the variation in the energy distribution between the right and left hands. Other computer analyses, including calculations of the various sectors of the fingertip emission patterns that purportedly relate to the bioenergetics of specific organs and organ systems (Mandel, 1986) as well as the chakras were done but are not shown

The standardization of techniques to show the stability and reproducibility of the GDV parameters has been described by the inventor (Korotkov, 1998a). Other researchers have used similar high-voltage electrophotography to investigate the reproducibility assessing the parameters of human beings with significant results (Russo et al., 2001). The GDV camera has been used for clinical studies mainly in Russia (Bevk et al., 2000), where it is a registered medical device. It has also been used to monitor the results of stress management training (Dobson and O'Keffe, 2000). Indeed, studies by researchers worldwide are underway, exploring the camera's utility for living systems ranging from biofield assessment of human subjects (Rubik, 2002b) to studying homeopathic remedies (Bell et al., 2003).

5.6. Human Subjects

Sixteen subjects were measured. Among these, the data from five chronically ill adults were analyzed in detail. The age range was 48 to 77 years old. All five were previously diagnosed as having a chronic degenerative disease as shown in Table 2, which also lists their age, gender, and qigong experience. The range of qigong experience varied from complete novice to 2 years of practice. Three of the five subjects were women.

Gender	Age	Illness	Qigong Practice, yrs		
F	48	Primary biliary cirrhosis	0		
F	56	Multiple sclerosis	l.5		
М	63	Kidney failure	2.0		
F	71	Osteoarthritis	0.25		
М	77	Parkinson's disease	0.33		

Table 2: Characteristics of the five chronically ill subjects. F = female; M=male.

here.

5.7. Results

A statistical analysis of all 16 subjects was previously made (Rubik and Brooks, 2003). The case study results of n = 5 chronically ill subjects are analyzed herein.

The raw data for two fingers of the Parkinson's disease patient, preand post-qigong, are shown in Figure I. According to Korean Hand Therapy, the middle finger represents the head. Thus, data from the right and left middle fingers were selected in particular for analysis, in light of the fact that Parkinson's disease is due to a brain disorder.

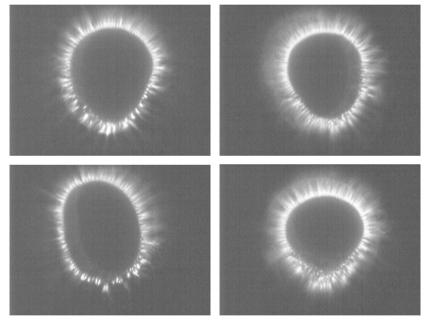


Figure 1: GDV-grams (gas discharge visualization camera photos of the light emission patterns) from the two middle fingers of patient with Parkinson's disease, before and after qigong. L= left; R=right. 3L pre-qigong (left middle finger, shown in upper left); 3L post-qigong (shown in upper right); 3R pre-qigong (shown in lower left) and 3R post-qigong (shown in lower right).

Notice that in Figure 1, the corona discharges in the post-qigong photos are substantially larger and especially more uniform than those of the

pre-qigong condition. Table 3 shows the results of analysis of the fingertip emission patterns for 3L and 3R, the middle fingers, pre- and post-qigong, in normalized units. The area or size of the emission pattern is stated in normalized pixels; density refers to the uniformity of the density of the emission pattern relative to a perfect circle (which would have a density value of 1); and the fractality parameter refers to the degree of self-similarity of the emission pattern. At 3.22 units, the area is larger post-qigong. The density parameter also increases, which means that the post-qigong emission patterns are more uniformly dense circles of light. However, fractality decreases post-qigong, which means that the edges of the emission patterns become smoother and less ragged.

	Area		Density		Fractality	
	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post
3L	2.14	3.22	0.404	0.456	4.63	4.09
3R	I.87	3.02	0.366	0.473	6.61	4.55

Table 3: Parametric analysis of pattern of light emission from 3L and 3R fingertips of subject with Parkinson's disease, pre- and post-qigong.

The results of the parametric analysis for all five subjects, ranked by gigong experience from 0 to 2 years, are portrayed in Figures 2 - 6. Only two of the parameters characterizing the light emission patterns showed a clear trend pre-post gigong. As shown in Figure 4, fractality was observed to decrease for all 5 subjects, whereas area of emission, density, and brightness showed no distinct changes, as shown in Figures 2, 3 and 5. However, the most dramatic change pre-post gigong was the variation between right-left hand energy emission, which was also observed to correlate with level of gigong experience, shown in Figure 6. This was calculated by summing the total areas of emission patterns for each finger on the right and left hands respectively and calculating the right-left difference. The inexperienced subjects showed the most variation between right and left hand total emission pre-qigong. Moreover, the greater the qigong experience, the more this variation decreased. Following gigong, the rightleft variation was most greatly reduced for the inexperienced subjects. However, even the most gigong-experienced subject showed a greater balance in right-left hand energy emission post-qigong.

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Figure 2: Mean area of all 10 GDV-grams for all 5 subjects shows no trend, pre-post qigong.

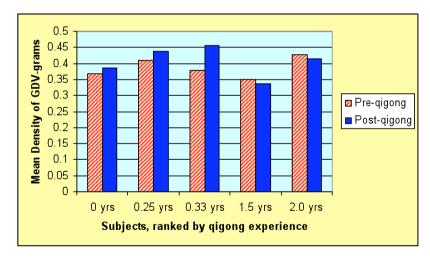


Figure 3: Mean density of all 10 GDV-grams for all 5 subjects shows no trend, pre-post qigong.

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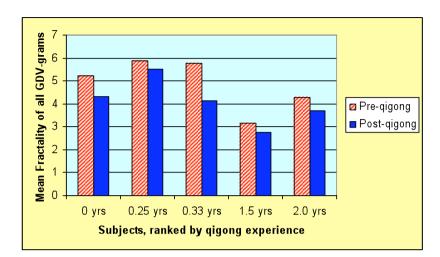


Figure 4: Mean fractality of all 10 GDV-grams for all 5 subjects shows a trend toward lower fractality post-qigong.

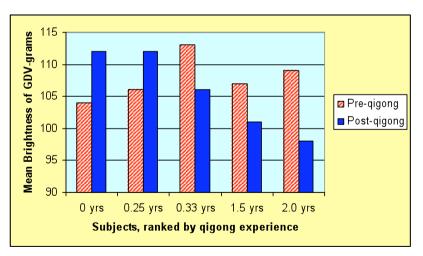


Figure 5: Mean brightness of all 10 GDV-grams for all 5 subjects shows no trend pre-post qigong.

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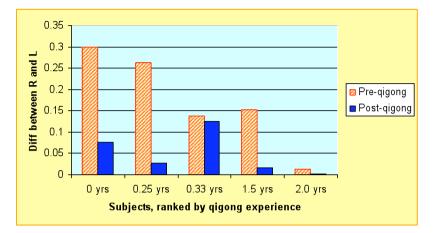


Figure 6: Variation between right and left hand energy emission shows a trend with qigong experience. The less experienced show a greater variation between right and left hand pre-qigong, and more pronounced change following qigong. The most experienced in qigong shows only a small variation between right and left hand energy emission both pre- and post-qigong.

5.8. Conclusions and Discussion

The sample number, n = 5 subjects with various chronic degenerative diseases, was too small to permit a meaningful statistical analysis. However, some trends in the parametric data for the fingertips were observed, as follows.

<u>Right-left balance</u>. All 5 subjects showed less variation between right and left hand emission following qigong, which indicates an improved rightleft energy distribution. The most inexperienced subjects showed the greatest difference between right and left hand emission before doing qigong. Those with longer qigong experience showed a more balanced right-left energy distribution before doing qigong.

<u>Specific changes correlating with disease specificity</u>. In some cases, the emissions of specific regions of fingers corresponding to the diseased organ were visibly enhanced following qigong. The single example shown here was that of a Parkinson's disease patient who showed a distinct change in the 3rd finger emission pattern, which corresponds to the head region in the Korean Hand Therapy system of Oriental medicine. Other cases include

liver disease and kidney disease in which the corresponding fingers showed marked changes in emission following qigong (data not shown).

Decreases in fractality. Neither area, brightness, nor density, but the fractality parameter changed consistently following qigong for all 5 subjects. The fractality parameter decreased post-qigong. This means that the emission pattern was smoother along the edges following qigong. This might refer to a smoother flow of qi within and around the body. By analogy, consider the flame of a gas stovetop. When the gas is not flowing smoothly to the burner, as when the burner is first ignited, the flame is irregular and jumpy. However, when the gas is flowing smoothly and regularly to the burner, so that the flame is steady, the edge of the flame is smoothest all around giving rise to a singular flame.

Because this study was only a preliminary one to find out if there were any consistent changes in the electrophotographic corona discharges from the fingertips of the chronically ill immediately following qigong, this study is very limited in scope. The sample size is also small, with n = 5 subjects. Moreover, there were no control subjects or control activities to compare any nonspecific effects on the biofield emission patterns from simple physical exercise. Therefore, no strong conclusions can be made from the results obtained.

Nonetheless, these data demonstrate some of the promising features of this new method of scientific analysis of the digital Kirlian aura. It appears to be a stable method of ascertaining various features about the human energy field, both qualitatively and quantitatively. It looks promising as a useful method of investigating aspects of the human biofield, in particular, the visible electromagnetic component field of the body and its response to subtle interventions. Additionally, several other types of quantitative analyses of the finger emission patterns are possible with the GDV camera and associated software, but they are not shown here.

It is possible that positive changes in the human biofield following a particular intervention such as qigong indicate that the modality might be useful to the subject to promote healing. In relation to this, one premise of Oriental medicine is that, "blood follows qi", meaning that changes at the level of the flesh and blood will follow the subtle energy field changes, if the field patterns are maintained over time. Moreover, a second premise of Oriental medicine is that a smooth unimpeded flow of qi is essential for health and healing. Therefore, if energy regulation is improved, the patient

will be expected to show physical improvement over time. Further studies are needed to confirm this, using large numbers of subjects performing qigong and studied under the long term.

The biofield appears to be a useful construct for investigating holistic properties of humans and other organisms. Further theoretical work is needed to further develop the biofield hypothesis. Additionally, further experimental studies are needed to understand more about the role of the human biofield in holistic medical interventions and healing.

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